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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/717,306	11/22/2000	John Petter Fjeldstad	1380-0153P	8435

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[REDACTED]
EXAMINER

LYONS, MICHAEL A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2877	

DATE MAILED: 10/23/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/717,306	FJELDSTAD ET AL.
	Examiner Michael A. Lyons	Art Unit 2877

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _____.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on 22 November 2000 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11) The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
 * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>5, 6, 7</u> .	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

Figures 1-3 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: element 110 referring to a generator. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a). "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).

- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: on page 11, the spacer portion of Figures 4-6 is labeled as element 39, whereas in the figures themselves, as well as in the claims, the spacer portion is labeled as element 30.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are generally narrative and indefinite, failing to conform with current U.S. practice. They appear to be a literal translation into English from a foreign document and are replete with grammatical and idiomatic errors.

Claim 1 recites the limitations "the two light waves", "the light source", and "the coherent object light" throughout the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. What do the two light waves, the light source, and the coherent object light refer to?

Claim 2 recites the limitations "the coherent light source", "the endpoints", and "the recording medium" in lines 3, 6, and 8, respectively. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. What does the coherent light source, the endpoints, and the recording medium refer to?

Art Unit: 2877

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are: the relationship between the single-mode light guidance cables running from the light source to the probe, from the probe to the camera, and from the light source to the camera. The reference numerals to elements within the drawings and the specification carry no patentable weight and therefore render the claim indefinite.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are: the relationship between the single mode light guidance cables and the optical connectors. The reference numerals to elements within the drawings and the specification carry no patentable weight and therefore render the claim indefinite.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are: the relationship between the optical connectors and the single-mode light guidance cables. The reference numerals to elements within the drawings and the specification carry no patentable weight and therefore render the claim indefinite.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are: the relationship between the single-mode light guidance cables and the source of coherent light. The

Art Unit: 2877

reference numerals to elements within the drawings and the specification care no patentable weight and therefore render the claim indefinite.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Horn (5,339,152).

Regarding claim 1, Horn discloses in the figure a light source 8 and a registering medium 19, and a stress-inducing transducer 4 with portion 6 (Col. 4, paragraphs 2 and 3) for creating a stress wave at the object. The location of the registering medium in a protected comfortable environment, such as a protective housing, for protection of the medium, in addition to the use of single-mode light guidance cables, such as fiber optic cables, for light transmittal, is well known in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply a housing and fiber optic cables to the device of Horn to achieve the desired effect.

As for claim 3, Horn states in column 4, lines 40-43 that "any means which may be controlled for the purpose of applying stress to the surface are intended to be included within the scope of the invention." This statement can be read to include the use of an electric high current pulse for the release of stresses into the test object.

As for claim 4, providing a protective environment for the use of amorphous molecular semiconductors is well known in the art.

Art Unit: 2877

Claims 5 and 7 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Horn (5,339,152) in view of Rockstroh (6,094,260).

Regarding claim 5, Horn discloses in the figure a probe 1 containing a window 3 for illuminating the object 23 with light, a mirror 2 for sending scattered light back through the probe towards camera 19, and transducer 4 for creating stress in the object. While Horn's device uses a window and a mirror, it is well known in the art to use optical fibers for light transmittal through the probe and throughout the device as a whole.

Horn also discloses a camera 19 with a CCD (col. 4, line 16) at focal plane 15 for the formation, registration, and development of the hologram and formation of the interferogram.

Horn's device, however, fails to disclose a reference beam passing directly from the light source into the camera. Rockstroh teaches (Fig. 1) sending a light beam 11 from light source 6 through beam splitter 12 to form reference beam 16 that travels directly to camera 20. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a beam splitter in the device of Horn as per Rockstroh to facilitate the interference of a reference beam and a measurement beam for the creation of an interferogram. Although Horn's device originally uses beam splitter 21 to create an in-phase beam and an out of phase beam out of the measurement light for the purpose of interference (col. 4, line 7-13), the beam splitter of Rockstroh could be inserted at the location of prism 16 in the device of Horn to achieve the desired effect.

As for claim 7, Horn claims probe 1 (Col. 6, claim 6) as a cylinder.

As for claim 9, Rockstroh discloses a beam splitter 12 for splitting the light into reference and measurement beams, while using fiber optic cables connected to a device with an optical connector is well known in the art.

Art Unit: 2877

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2, 6, and 8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael A. Lyons whose telephone number is 703-305-1933. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frank G Font can be reached on 703-308-4877. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-0725 for regular communications and 703-308-0725 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0935.

MAL
October 21, 2002



Samuel A. Turner
Primary Examiner